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## Summary

### **ALEKSINAC AND ITS SURROUNDING AREA IN THE NATIONAL ADMINISTRATIVE-TERRITORIAL ORGANIZATION IN THE PERIOD BETWEEN 1833 AND 1945**

With the liberation from the Turks, the settlements of contemporary Municipality of Aleksinac were organized into two national administrative-territorial units: Aleksinac and Bulgarian-Moravian districts, separated by the South Morava River.

Until 1859, the Bulgarian-Moravian district was part of Kruševac region. The district of Aleksinac was part of Paraćin Nahiya (region) 1835, then of Banja region in 1836, and at the end of that year it became a part of the newly formed region of Aleksinac. Aleksinac region initially consisted of Aleksinac district, Ražanj (in 1837 they merged into one district Aleksinac-Ražanj) and Banja district, and from 1859 a newly incorporated Bulgarian-Moravian district. Both districts were part of Aleksinac region until its abolition in 1890, then of Kruševac region until 1896, and Niš region until the Bulgarian occupation in 1915.

During the Bulgarian occupation, the same organization was retained, except that the occupiers included the villages from the former Rasina district, which belonged to the Bulgarian occupation zone, into the Moravia district.

In the interwar period, these two districts were part of Niš region until 1921, the Area of Niš until 1929, and the Banovina Moravian region until its abolition in 1941.

With the abolition of Banovinas in December 1941, the districts were re-formed in the occupied Serbia. One of the 14 regions was Niš, including Aleksinac and Moravian districts.

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